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Timor-Leste communication base station wind power and solar power generation



Overview

What is the Timor-Leste solar power project?

The Project involves the construction and 25-year operation of a new power plant in Manatuto, Timor-Leste, comprising a 72 MW solar power plant co-located with a 36 MW/36 MWh battery energy storage system. This will be the country's first full-scale renewable energy IPP project.

What is Timor-Leste's energy plan?

Program of the 9th Constitutional Government: The Government is committed to modernize and expand its energy system by utilizing renewable energy. Timor-Leste plans to implement 72 MW solar and 50 MW wind by 2024 and 2026 respectively. This will increase RE share in power generation from 0.2% in 2021 to 35.4% in 2030.

What will Timor-Leste's energy policy look like in 2021?

Timor-Leste plans to implement 72 MW solar and 50 MW wind by 2024 and 2026 respectively. This will increase RE share in power generation from 0.2% in 2021 to 35.4% in 2030. Under the current policies, GHG emission from the energy sector are expected to drop by 30% by 2030, compared to the BAU level.

What is East Timor electrification masterplan 2025?

The overall objective of this project is to develop, for the Government of East Timor, the Electrification Masterplan 2025 of East Timor based on Renewables Energies. The East Timor Renewable Energy Electrification Plan consists on the thorough analysis of wind, solar and hydro resources (including wind measurement stations installation).

How much electricity does Timor-Leste use?

In 2023, electricity consumption in Timor-Leste is quite low, with the average person consuming approximately 368 kWh annually. This is a modest amount

compared to the global average of 3,781 kWh/person. Fossil fuels supply all of Timor-Leste's electricity, with close to none coming from low-carbon sources such as solar, wind, or nuclear energy.

Does improved electricity access improve development outcomes in Timor-Leste?

Overall, Timor-Leste's HDI has shown little improvement since 2010, while electricity access doubled to 100 %. The effects of improved electricity access on development outcomes appear less than observed internationally. Fig. 3. Timor-Leste's HDI component indices 2000–2021.

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