

Kongres Container

Communication base station wind power distance requirements

PUSUNG-R (Fit for 19 inch cabinet)



Overview

If the blade radius is 50 meters, then a separation distance greater than 50 meters is necessary. From a practical standpoint, a setback distance greater than the maximum height of the turbine is necessary to ensure a “fall” safety zone in the unlikely event of a turbine tower failure. What are RF requirements for a base station?

In the base station specifications, there is one set of RF requirements that is generic, applicable to what is called “general purpose” base stations. This is the original set of UTRA requirements developed in 3GPP release 99. It has no restrictions on base station output power and can be used for any deployment scenario.

What is the maximum base station Power?

Maximum base station power is limited to 24 dBm output power for Local Area base stations and to 20 dBm for Home base stations, counting the power over all antennas (up to four). There is no maximum base station power defined for Wide Area base stations.

How many transceivers does a base station have?

It consist of three part elements: one or more transceivers, several antenna mounted on a tower or building, power system, and air conditioning equipment. A base station can have between 1 and 16 transceivers, depending on geography and the demand for service of an area.

How much power does a base station have?

Maximum base station power is limited to 38 dBm output power for Medium-Range base stations, 24 dBm output power for Local Area base stations, and to 20 dBm for Home base stations. This power is defined per antenna and carrier, except for home base stations, where the power over all antennas (up to four) is counted.

How much power does a cellular base station use?

A cellular base station can use anywhere from 1 to 5 kW power per hour depending upon the number of transceivers attached to the base station, the age of cell towers, and energy needed for air conditioning. Cellular base stations use power without any interruption and also needs maintenance.

How does a base station work?

Depending on the size of base station and its traffic, the base station may also have another sources of power such as a diesel generator, wind turbine or biofuels. The base station is a transceiver and acts as an interface between a mobile station and network using microwave radio communication.

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